

Mark Scheme (Results) Summer 2010

GCSE

360Science

GCSE Biology Structured Paper B3 (5029/01)



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Using the Mark Scheme

- 1. This mark scheme gives you;
- * an idea of the type of response expected
- * how individual marks are to be awarded
- * the total mark for each question
- * examples of responses that should not receive credit.
- 2. ; separates points for the award of each mark.
- 3. / means that the responses are alternatives and either answer should receive full credit.
- 4. () means that a phrase/word is not essential for the award of the mark but helps the examiner to get the sense of the expected answer.
- 5. Phrases/words in **bold** indicate that the <u>meaning</u> of the phrase/word is **essential** to the answer.
- 6. OWTTE (or words to that effect) and eq (equivalent) indicate that valid alternative answers (which have not been specified) are acceptable.
- 7. 'Ignore' means that this answer is not worth a mark but does not negate an additional correct response.
- 8. 'Reject' means that the answer is wrong and negates any additional correct response for that specific mark.
- 9. ORA (or reverse argument) indicates that the complete reverse is also valid for the award of marks.
- 10. ecf (error carried forward) means that a wrong answer given in an earlier part of a question is used correctly in answer to a later part of the same question.

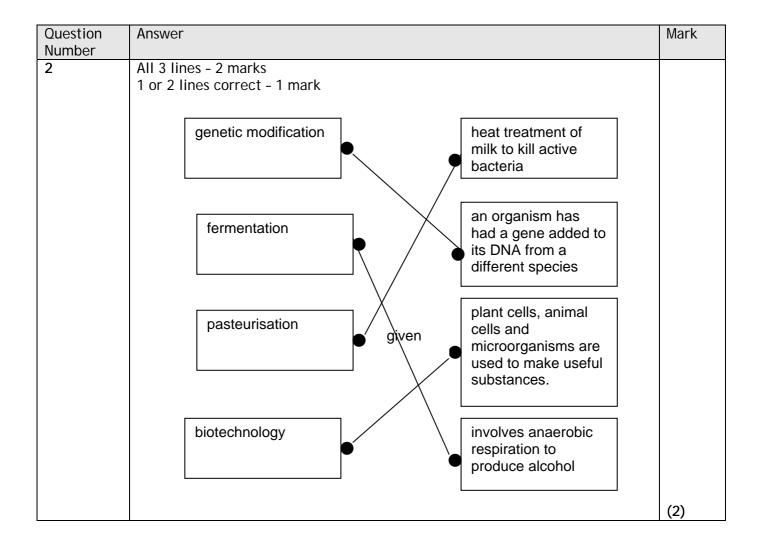
Marking

- 1. Suggestion/explanation questions should be marked correct even when the suggestion is contained within the explanation.
- 2. **Do not** award marks for repetition of the stem of the question.
- 3. Make sure that the answer makes sense. Do not give credit for correct words/phrases which are put together in a meaningless manner. Answers must be in the correct scientific context.

Amplification

- 1. In calculations, full credit must be given for a <u>bald</u>, correct answer. If a numerical answer is incorrect, look at the working and award marks according to the mark scheme.
- 2. Consequential marking should be used in calculations. This is where a candidate's working is correct but is based upon a previous error. When consequential marks have been awarded write "ecf" next to the ticks.
- 3. If candidates use the mole in calculations they must be awarded full marks for a correct answer even though the term may not be on the syllabus at their level.
- 4. If candidates use chemical formulae instead of chemical names, credit can only be given if the formulae are correct.

Question	Answer &			Mark
Number	Additional Guidance			
1	Any two from			
	feature	how it helps to catch fish	Accept	
	pointy teeth	grip/kill/hold onto fish;	sharp teeth	
	powerful jaws	grip / kill fish ;	strong/big	
	long jaws	to fit in larger fish;		
	streamlined	swim fast;		
	powerful tail	swim faster ;	big/long/strong	
	strong legs	to move fast;	allow swim	
	good eyesight	see fish underwater;		
	green skin/light underbelly	camouflaged		
	camouflage	fish don't see them until		
	_	too late ;		(2)
				(2)
	One mark for each cor	rect row		
	Ignore references to bi	nocular vision/wide field of v	riew/quick reactions	



Question Number	Answer	Mark
3	1. milk ;	
	2. bacteria ;	
	3. lower;	
	4. shape;	
	5. set ;	(5)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
4(a)	weight / mass / tail length /hair length/time of day/temperature;	accept any other reasonable quality that a scientist would measure ;	
		Do not accept length as it is in	
		the stem of the question	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4(b)	Any two of :	
	 idea of being suited to/more familiar with surroundings; e.g. recognise area / smells familiar / know that it is in its territory; 	
	2. idea of less threatened ;	
	3. can find way back to burrow easily;	
	4. less likely to fight neighbour;	
	5. less likely to be eaten by predator;	
	6. can find food (more easily);	(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(c)	Any two from:	
	 goes in (to trap) by chance; finds food; 	
	 associates trap with food/ food reinforces behaviour; 	
	4. even if no food in trap will still go in ;	
	5. this is an example of learned behaviour;	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)	 working eg 120/2² or 120/4; (Body mass index =) 30; 	ecf	
	Note: answer of 30 on own = 2 marks		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)	Any two from:		
	 blood pressure high/hypertension; 		
	 Atherosclerosis/arteriosclerosis/'clogged' arteries/blood vessels; 	accept narrowed arteries Ignore veins/capillaries	
	3. heart disease/heart attack;	ignore veins/ capitalites	
	4. stroke;		
	5. diabetes;		
	 accept other related health consequences of being obese e.g. out of breath easily/joint problems/arthritis; 	accept not able to exercise for very long	
	cancer of breast/ uterus / womb /colon / intestine/kidney / oesophagus	accept gullet / bowel	
		ignore: cancer	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(a)	getting food/insects /grubs from holes / cracks; accept getting other animals out of shells / sand	Answers must make clear that the spine is being used to access food from a place that was otherwise inaccessible ignore ref. to sucking	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
6(b)	it is an object (from the environment) used		
	to do a job/named job ;		
			(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
6(c)	seeds float / sand sinks in the water; sand is washed off / separated from	Ignore use water to clean/wash seeds	
	the seed	Greatily Wash Social	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
7(a)	genetic identical / no rejection ; reverse argument	Ignore ethical arguments	
			(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
7(b)	produce / increase levels of dopamine ;		
			(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(c)	brain stem cells will not produce insulin / pancreatic cells / only develop into brain cells/embryonic stem cells are needed;	Accept adult stem cells are multipotent/not totipotent	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
8(a)	Any two from		
	with each investigation less time is spent on the blue		
	2. by the 5 th /6 th minute/end no preference for colour was shown		
	 credit mathematical manipulation of data for 1 mark e.g. 55/30 = 1.8 times more on blue squares in 1st attempt compared to 6th attempt 		(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
8(b)	stayed on blue squares (significantly) more than on green;		
			(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
8(c)	Any two from: 1. (at start stayed on blue) went on green every so often / randomly / by mistake; 2. had no adverse effect / learnt that		
	green was not harmful; 3. stopped reacting (negatively) to green;		(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
8(d)	accept any description of abnormal behaviour - e.g. shaking/cowering/ biting when picked up/ in corner/ not sniffing areas/not eating/eat less/not looking for food/erratic behaviour/ distressed/scared/not moving/running around;	Ignore behaviours that cannot be observed e.g. unhappy	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
9(a)	(operant) conditioning/ learned behaviour;	Ignore references to classical	
			(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
9(b)	Two from: 1. desired behaviour is rewarded/it learns to associate the desired		
	action/touching the ball with a reward;		
	the behaviour can be reinforced by further rewards/positive reinforcement;		
	after it learns it carries out the action without needing the reward;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
9(c)	One from each: For 1. used for education; 2. raise money (for conservation); 3. dolphins not harmed/looked after/fed;	Do not credit entertainment - in the stem of the question	
	4. dolphins safe from predators ;		
	<u>Against</u>		
	some people think that dolphins have rights;		
	 dolphins have to be kept in captivity / not their natural environment; 		
	7. exhibit unnatural behaviour;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
10(a)	parental (care) / instinctive ;	Accept maternal/innate/inherited	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
10(b)	Two from:		
	 more young survive (as she removes them from nest); 	Accept better chance that young will survive	
	 less risk to offspring from predators (as she carries them to the river); 	Ignore unqualified reference to protection	
	3. (more offspring) live to reproduce/ pass on genes	Ignore references to the young once they are in water e.g. teaches them to swim	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
10(c)	increase risk from predator while on river bank / preoccupied with young ;	diverted from natural behaviour e.g. feeding	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
11(a)	Any one from 1. (a pack) can surround / circle / take turns to catch prey;	accept	
	2. (a pack) can catch larger/ more prey ;	increases chance of catching prey / easier to catch prey / food	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
11(b)	Any one from		
	 if they competed there would not be enough food / resources / mates eq; 	accept reduces competition (between packs)	
	2. avoids conflict (between packs)		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
11(c)	prevent other wolves entering territory for food / mates/ warn off other wolves;	ignore refs to other animals	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
11(d)	to communicate their submission to the leader;		(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
11(e)	Any two from:		
	 more likely to see/warn each other predators; 	accept less chance of being caught	
	more likely to resist / intimidate predators; ORA	ignore protection unqualified	
	3. protect young in (centre of herd);		(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number 12	Two from: Advantages		
	 can produce food nutrient normally missing / combat deficiency disease; 		
	2. can produce their own fertiliser;		
	 can grow in places where rainfall is low /drought resistance; 		
	4. longer shelf life;		
	5. produces own pesticide;	accept pest resistant	
	6. resistant to disease;		
	7. herbicide resistant;		
	8. increased / higher yield;		
	9. faster growing;		
	10. improve texture / flavour / colour;		
	Two from: <u>Disadvantages</u>		
	11. eating GM crops may harm health;	accept refs to long term effects/side effects	
	12. unforeseen effects on food chains;	effects/side effects	
	13. may transfer genes to wild plants /cross pollination;		
	14. reduce biodiversity;		
	15. idea of farmers/countries being reliant on GM seeds;	accept increased cost	
		ignore vague references to ethical/unethical	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
13(a)	the crop plant is infected with a bacterium;	Accept bacterium enters the plant	
	2. <u>Agrobacterium</u> (tumefaciens) ;		
	3. (which) is a vector;		
	4. to carry the (ICP) gene;		
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
13(b)	Any three from:		
	crown gall grows in (infected) plant;	Accept tumour for crown	
	2. gall cells contain gene for ICP;	gall	
	3. tissue / cells cut from gall;	tissue culture	
	4. grow plantlets	accept grow plants from the (crown gall) cells ignore refs to cuttings	
	5. by asexual reproduction / cloning		(3)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
14	Any six from:		
	 human insulin gene identified/removed/cut out; 	accept section of DNA for gene	
	restriction enzyme used to cut out gene;	'restriction enzyme' in question so must be qualified	
	3. plasmid taken from bacterium;	accept bacterial DNA for plasmid	
	 same restriction enzyme used to cut plasmids; 	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	(insulin) gene sealed/joined to plasmid using ligase;	'ligase' in question so must be qualified	
	 sticky ends allow (complementary) bases/genes to match up/join together; 	'sticky ends' in question so must be qualified	
	7. plasmid inserted into bacterium;		
	in a fermenter bacterium multiplied/grown;		
	9. ref to (qualified) optimum conditions	accept named condition eg temperature, pH	
	10. insulin separated / purified / extracted /collected;	Maximum of 4 marks if the order is confused	(6)

TOTAL MARKS 60

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